# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# **SABUTOL**

#### 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND THE COMPANY

# 1.1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION:

Product name: SabutolSynonym: Not AvailableTrade name: SABUTOL

Material Uses : Coatings: paints, lacquer thinners, liquid printing

inks, flexographic printing and dyes in the foundry industry. Derivative manufacture: acetates, phthalates,

resins, etc.

#### 1.2 IDENTIFICATION OF THE COMPANY:

RAR Resin & Chemical Industries JLT

11th Floor, Jumeirah Lake Towers, P.O. Box: 47381, Dubai UAE

# 2 CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF PIGMENT YELLOW 34

NAME	CAS#	% by weight	Exposure limits
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	60-69	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2002) STEL: 50ppm 15 minutes(s) STEL: 152 mg/m³ 15minute(s) NIOSH (United States,2002) CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m³
2-Pentanol	6032-29-7	17	NIOSH (United States,2002) STEL: 125 ppm 15 minute(s) STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minute(s)
2- Methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	9	OSHA PEL Z-1 (United States,2002) TWA: 100ppm 8 hour(s) TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours(s)
2- Methylbutan-2-0l	75-85-4	2	Not available

#### DISCL AIMER

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical state and appearance : Liquid

Emergency overview : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH

FIRE. RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES. HARMFUL IS

SWALLOWED. IRRITATING TO RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND SKIN.

: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry : Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eyes: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Skin: Irritationg to skin

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Potential chronic health effects

:CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified None. by NIOSH [Butan-1-ol]. Classified D

#### Health effects

:(Not classified for human or animal.) by EPA [Butan-1-ol]. Classified None. by NIOSH [2-Methylpropan-1-ol. Classified None. by NIOSH [2-Methylbutan-2-ol]. Classified None. by NIOSH [2-Pentanol]. Classified 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, None. by NIOSH [Butan-2-ol].

: MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not listed. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not listed.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure: No data available

Overexposure signs/symptoms: No data available

See toxicological information (section 11)

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURE

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for

atleast 15minutes keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention

immediately.

**Skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while

removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before

reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or

waistband. Call a physician immediately.

### DISCI AIMER

### Notes to Physician

: Support respiratory and cardiovascular function.

#### **5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammability of the product : Flammable

**Autoignition temperature** : 343°C (649.9 deg°F)

Flash points : CLOSED CUP: 32°C (89.6°F)
Flammable limits : LOWER: 1.4 % UPPER: 11.2 %

**Products of combustion** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2)

Fire hazards in presence : Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of

of various substance oxidizing materials, of reducing materials, of combustile materials.

**Explosion hazards in** : No data available

presence of various

substances

Fire fighting media : SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

and instruction LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water of fog. Cool

containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent

pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Protective clothing : Wear MSHA/ NIOSH approved self-contained breathing

(fire) apparatus or equivalent and full protective gear.

: No additional remark.

Speacial remarks on

fire

**Special remarks on** : No additional remark.

explosion hazards.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small spill and leak: Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

appropriate waste disposal container.

Large spill and leak: Stay upwind. Keep away from heat. Stop leak if without risk. Keep away from sources of

ignition. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non- combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Avoid breathing vapors or spray mists. Wear suitable protective clothing. Keep container

closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion- proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material

handling) equipment.

**Storage:** Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of

ignition (spark or flame).

#### DISCL AIMER

#### **8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Engineering controls:** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep airborne concentrations

of vapors below their respective occupation exposure limits. ENsure that eyewash stations

and safely showers are proximal to the work- station location.

# **Personal protection**

**Eyes** : Splash goggles

**Body** : Chemical resistant protective suit.

**Respiratory**: Vapor respirator, wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

**Hands** : Butyl rubber gloves

**Feet** : Chemical resistant safety boots.

Protective clothing: (pictograms)











**Personal protection in case of a large spill:** Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficeint; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

NAME Exposure limits

Butan-1-ol ACGIH TLV (United States, 2002)

STEL: 50ppm 15 minutes(s) STEL: 152 mg/m³ 15minute(s) NIOSH (United States,2002)

CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**2-Pentanol** NIOSH (United States,2002)

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minute(s) STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minute(s)

**2- Methylpropan-1-ol** OSHA PEL Z-1 (United States, 2002)

TWA: 100ppm 8 hour(s) TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours(s)

**2- Methylbutan-2-ol** Not available

#### 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL

Physical state and : Liquid

appearance

Color : Color, colourless (Light)
Odor : Alcohol like (Slight)
Taste : No data available
Molecular weight : Not applicable
Molecular formula : 7 [Neautral]
pH (1% soln/ water) : 117°C (242.6°F)

#### DISCLAIMER

Boiling/condensation

point

Melting/freezing point

: - 89°C (-128.2°F)

Critical temperature : The lowest known value is 289.8°C (553.6°F) (n-Butanol)

Specific gravity : 0.81 (Water= 1)

Vapor pressure : The highest known value is 8.8 mm of Hg (@ 20°C) (Isobutyl

alcohol. Weighted average: 3.98 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)

Vapor density : The highest known value is 3.04 (Air=1) (Pentanol-3). Weighted

:117°C (242.6°F)

average: 2.65 (Air=1)

Volatility : 100% (v/v). ( n- Butanol.) 100 % (w/w). (n-Butanol)

Odor threshold : The highest known value is 40 ppm (Isobutyl alcohol) Weighted

average: 26.78 ppm

**Evaporation rate** : 0.45 (n-Butanol). [Butyl acetate]

VOC : 100 %

Viscosity : The highest known value is 36.1 cP (n-Butanol) Weighted

average 35.16 cP

: The product is equally soluble in oil and water. LogK ow

: no data available

: No additional remark.

Dispersion properties : See solubility in water, methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol

: Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether. Soluble in water

Partially soluble in cold water, n-octanol.

Physical chemical

comments

Solubility

Ionicity (in water)

10 STABILITY AND RECTIVITY

Stability and rectivity : The product is stable.

Conditions of instability : Sparks, open flames, heat and other ignition sources.

Incompatibility with : Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, organic materials,

various substances acids, alkalis,

Hazardous decomposition : When heated emits acrid smoke and fumes. Usually carbon

monoxide is released. products **Hazardous polymerization** : Will not occur.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity to animals : Acute oral toxicity (LD50) : 790 mg/kg [Rat]. (Butan-1-ol)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 2520 mg/kg [Rabbit].

(2-Methylbutan-2-ol)

Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50) 8000 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].

(Butan-1-ol)

Chronic effects on humans : No additional remark.

Other toxic effects on humans : No additional remarks.

Special remarks on toxicity to animals : No additional remarks

Special remarks on chronic

effects on humans

Special remarks on other toxic effects on humans

: can cause gastrointestinal disturbances (n-Butanol)

: Exposure can cause nausea, headache and vomiting (n-Butanol)

#### 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No data available.BOD and COD: No data available.Biodegradable/OECD: No data available.Mobility: No data available

**Products of degradation** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) and water.

**Toxicity of the products**: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself

of biodegradation

Special remarks on the : No additional remark.

products of biodegradation

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste information : Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and

local environmental control regulations.

Waste stream : No data available.

Consult your local or regional authorities.

#### 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Class	UN1987	ALCOHOLS N.O.S (n-Butanol)	DOT CLASS 3: Flammable liquid	II		No additional remark.
TDG Class	UN1987	ALCOHOLS N.O.S (n-Butanol)	TDG CLASS 3: Flammable liquid	II		
IMDG Class	UN1987	ALCOHOLS N.O.S (n-Butanol)	IMDG CLASS 3 Flammable liquid	: II		
IATA-DGR Class	UN1987	ALCOHOLA N.O.S (n-Butanol)	IATA CLASS 3: Flammable liquid	II		

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

HCS classification : Flammable liquid irritating material

U.S Federal : TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Butan-2-ol

TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: 2-Methylpropan-1-ol

TSCA6(a) PAIR: 2-Methylpropan-1-ol; Butan-2-ol TSCA8(a) IUR: BUTAN-1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol TSCA8(b) inventory: Butan-1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol;

2-Methylpropan-2-ol; 2-Pentanol; Butan-2-ol TSCA8(d) H and S data reporting: Butan-2-ol

#### DISCI AIMER

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances No products were found

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Butan-1-ol; 2-methylpropan -1-ol; 2-Methylbutan-2-ol; 2-Pentanol; Butan-2-ol

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution- chemical inventroy- hazard identification: Butan-1-ol: Fire hazard, immediate (Acute) health hazard, delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol: Fire hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard; 2-Methylbutan-2-ol: Fire hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard; 2-Pentanol: Fire hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard; Butan-2-ol: Fire hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Butan-1-ol 67%

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found

Clean air act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found

Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found

Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found

#### State regulation

: Rhode island RTK hazardous substances: Butan -1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol Butan-2-ol

Pennsylvania RTK: Butan-1-ol: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard); 2-Methylpropan-1-ol: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard; 2-Methylbutan-2-ol: (genetic environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard)

Florida: Butan-1-ol; 2- Methylpropan-1-ol; 2-Methylbutan-2-ol; 2-Pentanol;

Butan-2-ol

Minnesota: Butan-1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol; Butan-2-ol

Massachusetts RTK: Butan-1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol; 2-Methylbutan-2-ol

;2-Pentanol; Butan-2-ol

New Jersey: Butan-1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol; Butan-2-ol

New Jersey spill list: Butan-1-ol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol; Butan-2-ol

California prop. 65: No products were found.

**EU Regulations** 

Hazards symbol(s)

X

Classification

: Harmful

#### DISCLAIMER

Rish Phrases : R10- Flammable

R22- Harmful if swallowed

R37/38 - irritating to respiratory system and skin

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes

R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety Phrase : S24- Avoid contact with skin.

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of

water and seek medical advice. S37- Wear suitable gloves S39- Wear eye/face protection

S60- This material and its container must be disposed of as

hazardous waste.

**EINECS** : 200-751-6 (n-Butanol), 227-907-6 (2-pentanol), 201-148-0 (Isobutyl

**number** alcohol, 209-526-7 (3-Pentanol)

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Association (U.S.A.)



**References:** - LOLI Database: The regulated Chemicals List of Lists.

- CHEMINFO: Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, Issue: 97-3 (August, 1997).- BDH; Hazard Data Disk, Version 3.- CESARS: Chemical Evaluation and Retrieval System, Produced by: Ontario Ministry of Environment and Michigan Department of Natural Resouces, Issue:97-3 (August, 1997).- TOMES Plus System: Toxicology, Occupational Medicine & Environmental Series: incorporating:- MEDITEX, HAZARDTEXT, 1st Medical Response Protocols, INFOTEXT, HSDB, CHRIS, OHM/TADS, IRIS, NIOSH Pocket Guide, RTECS, NJ Fact Sheets, North American Emergency Response Guides, REPROTEXT,

REPROTOX, TERIS, Shepard's Catalog of Teratogenic Agents.

Other special: No additional remark.

considerations

Verified by: Dr Thembakazi Mali.

### Notice to reader

This MSDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health, safety and environmental hazard information related to the product, and in particular how to safely handle, use, store and transport the product in the workplace. Since RAR Resin & Chemical Industries and its subsidiaries cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be handled, used, stored or transported, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle, use, store or transport the product in the workplace and beyond, and communicate such information to all relevant parties. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

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